

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1187

DIGEST OF HB 1187 (Updated February 24, 2014 1:49 pm - DI 55)

Citations Affected: IC 8-1; IC 8-1.5.

Synopsis: Municipal utility service. Provides that a municipal utility's offering or providing of water or wastewater service in an area outside the corporate boundaries of the utility's municipality is under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC). Provides that if a municipality, after December 31, 2012, adopts an ordinance asserting exclusive authority to provide utility service in an area outside the municipality's corporate boundaries (a "regulatory ordinance") and the municipality's utility has filed a petition seeking IURC review of the rate and charges for "wholesale sewage service" provided to or by the utility: (1) the municipality shall petition the IURC for approval of the regulatory ordinance; (2) the IURC shall encourage the utilities potentially affected by the regulatory ordinance to reach a mutual agreement about service in the area, and shall assume jurisdiction if the utilities are unable to reach a mutual agreement; (3) the IURC, after assuming jurisdiction and upon considering certain factors, shall issue an order resolving the issues presented by the (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage.

Bacon, Wolkins, Sullivan, Niezgodski, Heuer

(SENATE SPONSOR — CHARBONNEAU)

January 14, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government. January 23, 2014, reported — Do Pass.
January 29, 2014, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.
January 30, 2014, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 85, nays 10.

SENATE ACTION

February 4, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government. February 11, 2014, reassigned to Committee on Environmental Affairs. February 25, 2014, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

petition concerning the regulatory ordinance; and (4) the municipality may enforce the regulatory ordinance if there is a final judgment concluding all administrative and judicial proceedings on the petition concerning wholesale sewage service rates. Provides that if a municipality, after December 31, 2012, adopts a regulatory ordinance and the municipality's utility has not filed a petition with the IURC concerning "wholesale sewage service": (1) the municipality shall petition the IURC for approval of the regulatory ordinance; (2) the IURC, upon considering certain factors, shall issue an order resolving all issues presented in the petition, including the enforceability of the ordinance; (3) if the IURC order approves the municipality's regulatory ordinance, the municipality may enforce the regulatory ordinance; and (4) if the IURC does not approve the municipality's petition, the municipality may modify and resubmit the petition, and if the IURC does not approve the resubmitted petition the regulatory ordinance is void, but the municipality may petition the IURC to rescind or modify its order on the resubmitted petition after five years. Provides for the IURC to resolve any other sort of dispute between municipal utilities as to which municipal utility will provide utility service in an area outside the corporate boundaries of the utilities' municipalities, either through mutual agreement of the utilities or IURC order, and establishes a procedure and criteria for the IURC's resolution of these disputes. Also addresses an ordinance of a municipality expanding the municipality's authority to provide utility service in an area outside the municipality's corporate boundaries.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1187

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-61.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.251-2013,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 61.7. (a) As used in this section, "utility"
4	refers to a wastewater utility that:
5	(1) is owned or operated by a political subdivision (as defined in
6	IC 36-1-2-13); and
7	(2) is not under the jurisdiction of the commission for the
8	approval of rates and charges.
9	(b) As used in this section, "wholesale sewage service" means the
10	collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary manner of
11	liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and industrial waste
12	provided by a utility to another utility.
13	(c) A utility that:
14	(1) either provides or receives wholesale sewage service; and
15	(2) negotiates to renew or enter into a new contract for wholesale
16	sewage service on expiration of a contract for the same wholesale
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1	sewage service;
2	may file a petition for review of rates and charges for wholesale sewage
3	service with the commission or the circuit or superior court with
4	jurisdiction in the county where the utility has its principal office.
5	(d) If a utility files a petition under subsection (c), the following
6	apply:
7	(1) The utility that provides the wholesale sewage service has the
8	burden of proving that the rates and charges are just and
9	reasonable.
10	(2) A petition concerning the same rates and charges may not be
11	filed with both the commission and a court.
12	(3) If multiple petitions concerning the same rates and charges are
13	filed, all petitions filed after the first petition filed must be:
14	(A) consolidated with the first petition filed; and
15	(B) heard in the forum in which the first petition was filed.
16	(4) The petition is not subject to IC 36-9-23 or IC 36-9-25.
17	However, the petition may be subject to IC 8-1.5-6.
18	(5) If the petition is heard by a court, the court shall hear the
19	petition de novo.
20	(e) After notice and hearing, the commission may issue an order
21	determining whether the rates and charges that are the subject of a
22	petition filed with the commission under subsection (c) are just and
23	reasonable. The order of the commission is a final order for purposes
23 24 25 26	of IC 8-1-3.
25	(f) This section does not:
26	(1) authorize the commission to revise rates and charges of a
27	utility for any other purpose other than as stated in this section; or
28	(2) otherwise return or subject a utility to the jurisdiction of the
29	commission.
30	(g) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement
31	this section.
32	SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-86.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
33	PASSAGE]. Sec. 86.5. (a) As used in this section, "four (4) mile area"
34	means the area within four (4) miles of a municipality's corporate
35	boundaries.
36	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the commission, after
37	notice and hearing, may, by order, determine territorial disputes
38	between all water utilities.
39	(c) This subsection applies only to a municipality:
40	(1) having a population of less than seven thousand five hundred
11	(7.500), and

(2) that, as of January 1, 2007, has adopted an ordinance



exercising the power to regulate the furnishing of water to the public granted by IC 36-9-2-14 within a four (4) mile area.

The commission may not determine a territorial dispute within a four (4) mile area unless the territorial dispute concerns a geographic area located in more than one (1) four (4) mile area.

SECTION 3. IC 8-1-13-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.42-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (i), a corporation organized under this chapter or a corporation organized under IC 23-17 whose membership includes one (1) or more corporations organized under this chapter may withdraw from the jurisdiction of the commission. A corporation organized under this chapter that withdraws from the jurisdiction of the commission must comply with all provisions of this chapter that do not directly concern the commission and must continue to pay the public utility fee required under IC 8-1-6. A member of a corporation that has withdrawn from the commission's jurisdiction shall have reasonable access to the meetings and the minutes of the meetings of the corporation's board of directors, except for executive sessions that concern personnel matters and confidential or proprietary matters that may:

- (1) invade the privacy of a member or an employee of the corporation; or
- (2) impair the corporation's bargaining, legal, or competitive position;

if the matter is disclosed to the member.

- (b) A corporation that proposes to withdraw under this chapter from the jurisdiction of the commission must first obtain the approval of the members.
- (c) The board of a corporation that proposes to withdraw under this chapter from the jurisdiction of the commission must conduct a referendum of the members of the corporation to determine whether the members approve of the removal of the corporation from the jurisdiction of the commission.
- (d) A board must send written notice of the board's intent to conduct a referendum to the commission before the board may conduct the referendum.
- (e) A referendum may be conducted at an annual or special meeting of the members held under section 8 of this chapter if a quorum is present.
- (f) Written notice of a meeting at which a referendum is to be conducted must be sent to every member not less than thirty (30) days before the date of the meeting. The notice must contain the following



1	information:
2	(1) The place, date, and hour of the meeting.
3	(2) The fact that a referendum will be conducted at the meeting to
4	determine whether the members approve of the removal of the
5	corporation from the jurisdiction of the commission.
6	(3) The fact that no proxies will be permitted to determine
7	whether the members approve of the removal of the corporation
8	from the jurisdiction of the commission.
9	(g) A board shall distribute secret ballots to the members present at
10	the meeting. The ballots must be in a form substantially equivalent to
11	the following:
12	YES. I want the corporation to withdraw from the jurisdiction
13	of the commission.
14	NO. I want the corporation to remain under the jurisdiction
15	of the commission.
16	Only those members present in person at the meeting may vote. Each
17	member is entitled to one (1) vote on the question of the corporation's
18	withdrawal from jurisdiction of the commission. If a majority of the
19	members present vote in favor of withdrawing from the jurisdiction of
20	the commission, the withdrawal is effective thirty (30) days after the
21	date of the vote. If less than a majority of the members vote in favor of
22	withdrawing the corporation from jurisdiction of the commission, the
23	corporation is prohibited from conducting another referendum
24	concerning withdrawal for eighteen (18) months following the date of
25	the meeting at which the vote was taken. Parties aggrieved by the
26	conduct of the referendum must file an action in the circuit or superior
27	court with jurisdiction in the county where the corporation has the
28	corporation's principal office to allege noncompliance with this section
29	not more than thirty (30) days after the date of the vote.
30	(h) If a corporation withdraws from jurisdiction of the commission,
31	the corporation's secretary shall not more than five (5) days after the
32	date of the vote send a verified certification of the vote to the
33	commission affirming that all the requirements of this section were met
34	and include all of the following:
35	(1) The total membership of the corporation.
36	(2) The total number of members voting in the referendum.
37	(3) The actual vote, for and against withdrawal.
38	(i) If a corporation withdraws from the jurisdiction of the
39	commission, the commission shall continue to exercise jurisdiction
40	over the corporation only as to the following:
41	(1) Electric service area assignments under IC 8-1-2.3.
-T T	(1) Liceute service area assignments under ic 6-1-2.3.

(2) Certificates of public convenience and necessity, certificates



of territorial authority, and indeterminate permits under IC 8-1-2, IC 8-1-8.5, or IC 8-1-8.7. (3) Water utility disputes under IC 8-1-2-86.5. (j) Whenever two (2) or more corporations organized under this chapter consolidate or merge under section 16 of this chapter, and one (1) but not all of the corporations has withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section, the consolidated or merged corporation is under the jurisdiction of the commission until the

withdrawal from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section.

(k) A board of a corporation that has withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section must conduct a referendum of the corporation's members to determine whether the corporation should return to the jurisdiction of the commission upon receipt of:

consolidated or merged corporation withdraws from jurisdiction of the

commission under this section, unless the agreement for consolidation or merger approved under section 16 of this chapter includes the

- (1) a petition for a referendum signed by not less than fifteen percent (15%) of the corporation's members; or
- (2) a resolution ordering a referendum adopted by a majority vote of the board of directors of the corporation.

Upon receipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution by the board, the board shall inform the commission of the petition or resolution and shall thereafter conduct a referendum at the next annual meeting of the corporation held under section 8 of this chapter, or if the next annual meeting is more than ninety (90) days after the date the petition was received or resolution for referendum was adopted by the board, then at a special meeting called by the board and held not more than ninety (90) days after receipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution. The process provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) shall be followed when conducting a referendum under this subsection, except the form of the ballots must be as follows:

____ YES. I want the corporation to return to the jurisdiction of the commission.

____NO. I want the corporation to remain outside the jurisdiction of the commission.

If a corporation returns to the jurisdiction of the commission, the commission shall resume all the jurisdiction it would have if the corporation had not withdrawn, effective thirty (30) days following the date the referendum was conducted. If less than a majority of the members voting at the referendum vote in favor of returning to the jurisdiction of the commission, a referendum on the question presented



1	at the referendum may not be conducted for eighteen (18) months
2	following the date of the vote.
3	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-17.5-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-2013,
4	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. Notwithstanding any other law, the
6	commission may exercise jurisdiction over a surviving corporation or
7	successor corporation formed under this chapter only to do the
8	following:
9	(1) Ensure compliance with IC 8-1-2.8 concerning the provision
10	of dual party relay services to deaf, hard of hearing, and speech
11	impaired persons in Indiana.
12	(2) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-19.5 concerning
13	the administration of the 211 dialing code for communications
14	service used to provide access to human services information and
15	referrals.
16	(3) Enforce rules adopted under IC 8-1-29 to ensure that a
17	customer of a telecommunications provider is not:
18	(A) switched to another telecommunications provider unless
19	the customer authorizes the switch; or
20	(B) billed for services by a telecommunications provider that
21	without the customer's authorization added the services to the
22	customer's service order.
23	(4) Conduct proceedings under:
24	(A) the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 (47 U.S.C.
25	151 et seq.); and
26	(B) IC 20-20-16;
27	concerning universal service and access to telecommunications
28	service and equipment, including the designation of eligible
29	telecommunications carriers under 47 U.S.C. 214.
30	(5) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.6-1.5 or
31	IC 8-1-2-5.
32	(6) Issue or maintain certificates of territorial authority for
33	communications service providers under IC 8-1-32.5.
34	(7) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-34 to issue and
35	maintain certificates of franchise authority to multichannel video
36	programming distributors offering video service to Indiana
37	customers.
38	(8) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.6-13(c)(9)
39	concerning the reporting of information by communications
40	service providers.
41	(9) Fulfill the commission's duties under any state or federal law
42	concerning the administration of any universally applicable



1	dialing code for any communications service.
2	(10) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.3 with
3	respect to assigned service areas for electricity suppliers.
4	(11) Issue:
5	(A) certificates of public convenience and necessity,
6	certificates of territorial authority, and indeterminate permits
7	under IC 8-1-2;
8	(B) certificates of public convenience and necessity under
9	IC 8-1-8.5; or
10	(C) certificates of public convenience and necessity under
11	IC 8-1-8.7.
12	(12) Determine territorial disputes between water utilities under
13	IC 8-1-2-86.5. IC 8-1.5-6.
14	SECTION 5. IC 8-1-32-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. This chapter
16	does not reduce or supersede the commission's jurisdiction under
17	IC 8-1-2-86 and IC 8-1-2-86.5. IC 8-1.5-6.
18	SECTION 6. IC 8-1.5-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
19	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
20	PASSAGE]:
21	Chapter 6. Utility Service in Regulated Territories
22 23 24	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "municipal utility" refers to a
23	municipally owned:
	(1) water utility;
25	(2) wastewater utility; or
26	(3) combined water and wastewater utility;
27	regardless of whether the municipal utility is under the jurisdiction
28	of the commission for the approval of rates and charges.
29	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "regulated territory" means the
30	area outside the corporate boundaries of a municipality described
31	in:
32	(1) IC 36-9-2-18;
33	(2) IC 36-9-2-19; or
34	(3) IC 36-9-23-36.
35	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "regulatory ordinance" means
36	an ordinance adopted by a municipality that:
37	(1) asserts the exclusive authority of a municipal utility to
38	provide service within a regulated territory; or
39 10	(2) prohibits another utility from providing utility service in
10 11	the regulated territory.
11 12	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "utility" means a utility that
12	provides:



1	(1) water service;
2	(2) wastewater service; or
3	(3) combined water and wastewater service;
4	regardless of whether the utility is under the jurisdiction of the
5	commission for the approval of rates and charges. The term
6	••
7	includes a municipal utility.
8	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "wholesale sewage petition"
9	refers to a petition filed with the commission under IC 8-1-2-61.7 for review of rates and charges for wholesale sewage service.
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11	Sec. 6. Notwithstanding any other provision in this title or IC 36,
	the offering or provision of service by a utility in a regulated
12	territory is under the jurisdiction of the commission.
13	Sec. 7. (a) This section applies if:
14	(1) a municipality adopts a regulatory ordinance after
15	December 31, 2012; and
16	(2) a utility owned by the municipality files a wholesale
17	sewage petition.
18	(b) A municipality may not enforce a regulatory ordinance until
19	all of the following conditions are satisfied:
20	(1) There is a final judgment on the wholesale sewage petition
21	that concludes all administrative and judicial proceedings.
22	For purposes of this subdivision, a final judgment includes an
23	order of the commission under subsection (f).
24	(2) The commission has issued an order under subsection (f)
25	that resolves all issues included in a petition filed under
26	subsection (d) in a manner that the commission determines is
27	in the public interest.
28	(3) The municipality has modified the regulatory ordinance to
29	comply with the order of the commission described in
30	subdivision (2), if necessary.
31	(c) A utility may file with the commission a petition alleging that
32	the final judgment of a court on the wholesale sewage petition does
33	not resolve all issues included in the wholesale sewage petition that
34	are related to:
35	(1) the service territory of the municipality; or
36	(2) rates and charges for wholesale sewage service.
37	The commission shall assume immediate and exclusive jurisdiction
38	over the municipal utility upon the filing of the petition for
39	purposes of resolving the remaining issues. After notice and
40	hearing, the commission shall issue an order within three hundred
41	(300) days after the petition is filed resolving all issues presented in

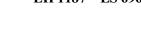
the petition in the manner that the commission determines is in the



1	public interest. In making a determination of the public interest,
2	the commission shall consider the factors set forth in the subsection
3	(g). The commission may combine a hearing under this subsection
4	with a hearing under subsection (f) and issue a single order on the
5	combined hearing.
6	(d) Not later than October 1, 2014, a municipal utility shall
7	petition the commission for approval of the regulatory ordinance.
8	The petition must include the following:
9	(1) A description of the service territory established in the
10	regulatory ordinance.
11	(2) Proposed rates and charges for the services to be provided
12	in the service territory.
13	(3) A list of any administrative or judicial proceedings
14	involving the regulatory ordinance or the wholesale sewage
15	petition.
16	(4) A list of any utilities actually or potentially affected by the
17	regulatory ordinance.
18	(e) Upon the filing of a petition described in subsection (d), the
19	commission shall do the following:
20	(1) Encourage all utilities listed under subsection (d)(4) to
21	reach a mutual agreement that apportions the provision of
22	service in the regulated territory among the utilities. A mutual
23	agreement described in this subdivision is the preferred
24	method of establishing service territories in a regulated
25	territory. To take effect, a mutual agreement must be
26	approved by the commission in an order issued under
27	subsection (f), and the commission may approve a mutual
28	agreement only if the commission determines that the mutual
29	agreement is in the public interest.
30	(2) If the utilities are unable to reach a mutual agreement
31	under subdivision (1), the commission shall assume immediate
32	and exclusive jurisdiction over the municipal utility, including
33	the wholesale sewage petition if there is no final judgment
34	from a court on the wholesale sewage petition.
35	(f) Upon assuming jurisdiction under subsection (e)(2) and after
36	notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order resolving:
37	(1) all issues presented in the petition described in subsection
38	(d), including the enforceability of the regulatory ordinance;

(2) any applicable issues presented in the wholesale sewage

in the manner that the commission determines is in the public



1	interest. The commission shall issue the order within three hundred
2	(300) days after the petition described in subsection (d) is filed.
3	(g) In making a determination under subsection (f), the
4	commission shall consider the following:
5	(1) The ability of another utility to provide service in the
6	regulated territory.
7	(2) The effect of a commission order on customer rates and
8	charges for service provided in the regulated territory.
9	(3) The effect of the commission's order on present and future
10	economic development in the regulated territory.
11	(4) The history of utility service in the regulated territory,
12	including any contracts for utility service entered into by the
13	municipality that adopted the regulatory ordinance and any
14	other municipalities, municipal utilities, or utilities.
15	(5) Any other factors the commission considers necessary.
16	Sec. 8. (a) This section applies if:
17	(1) a municipality adopts a regulatory ordinance after
18	December 31, 2012; and
19	(2) a utility owned by the municipality does not, or is not
20	eligible to, file a wholesale sewage petition.
21	(b) A municipality may not enforce a regulatory ordinance until
22	the commission issues an order under subsection (c). The
23	municipality shall petition the commission for approval of the
24	regulatory ordinance. The petition must include the following:
25	(1) A description of the service territory established in the
26	regulatory ordinance.
27	(2) Proposed rates and charges for the services to be provided
28	in the service territory.
29	(3) A list of any administrative or judicial proceedings
30	involving the regulatory ordinance.
31	(4) A list of any utilities actually or potentially affected by the
32	regulatory ordinance.
33	(c) After notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order
34	resolving all issues presented in the petition described in subsection
35	(b), including the enforceability of the regulatory ordinance in the
36	manner that the commission determines is in the public interest. In
37	making a determination of the public interest, the commission shall
38	consider the factors set forth in section 7(g) of this chapter. The
39	commission shall issue the order within three hundred (300) days
40	after the petition described in subsection (b) is filed.
41	(d) If the commission does not approve the petition, the

(d) If the commission does not approve the petition, the

municipality may modify and resubmit the petition in the manner



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1	prescribed by the commission. After notice and hearing, the
2	commission shall review the petition as set forth in subsection (c).
3	If the commission does not approve the resubmitted petition, the
4	regulatory ordinance is void.
5	(e) The municipality may petition the commission to rescind or
6	modify an order issued under subsection (c) not earlier than five
7	(5) years after the date on which the order was issued.
8	Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to a dispute, other than a dispute
9	described in section 7 or 8 of this chapter, arising or existing
10	between two (2) or more utilities as to which utility will provide
11	utility service in a regulated territory. A dispute shall be resolved
12	by the commission under this section.
13	(b) A proceeding under this section may be initiated:
14	(1) by a utility that is a party to a dispute described in
15	subsection (a); or
16	(2) by the commission on its own initiative.
17	(c) Throughout a proceeding under this section, the commission
18	shall, where feasible, promote the resolution of the dispute
19	described in subsection (a) through a mutual agreement between
20	the utilities that apportions the provision of utility service in the
21	regulated territory. A mutual agreement described in this
22	subsection is the preferred way of resolving a dispute described in
23	subsection (a). However, to resolve the dispute, a mutual
24	agreement must be approved by the commission in an order issued
25	under subsection (e), and the commission may approve a mutual
26	agreement only if the commission determines that the mutual

- (d) If the utilities are unable to reach a mutual agreement under subsection (c), the commission shall determine the manner in which utilities shall provide service in the regulated territory. In making the determination, the commission shall consider the criteria set forth in section 7(g) of this chapter.
- (e) After notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order:
 - (1) approving a mutual agreement under subsection (c); or
 - (2) making a final determination under subsection (d).
 - Sec. 10. This section applies to a municipality that:
 - (1) after December 31, 2012, adopts a regulatory ordinance that establishes a service territory that is smaller than the regulated territory; and
- (2) either:
 - (A) amends the ordinance described in subdivision (1); or



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agreement is in the public interest.

1	(B) adopts a new ordinance;
2	to establish a service territory that is larger than the service
3	territory described in subdivision (1).
4	Before an ordinance described in subdivision (2) may take effect,
5	the municipality shall submit the ordinance to the commission for
6	approval under section 9 of this chapter.
7	Sec. 11. An order issued by the commission under this chapter
8	is a final order for purposes of IC 8-1-3 and is enforceable in court.
9	Sec. 12. A petition filed under this chapter is not subject to the
10	following:
11	(1) IC 8-1.5-3.
12	(2) IC 36-9-23.
13	(3) IC 36-9-25.
14	SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Local Government, to which was referred House Bill 1187, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1187 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 1

Representative Neese

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1187 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 1, line 8, delete "JULY 1, 2014]:" and insert "UPON PASSAGE]:".

Page 1, line 8, after "18." insert "(a)".

Page 1, delete lines 11 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) This subsection applies to an ordinance that reserves to a municipality the exclusive right to exercise a power granted by section 14, 16, or 17 of this chapter in an area within four (4) miles outside the municipality's corporate boundaries. A municipality that adopted an ordinance described in this subsection before January 1, 2014, may not enforce the ordinance until May 1, 2017. An ordinance described in this subsection that is adopted after December 31, 2013, is void.

SECTION 2. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Delete page 2.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1187 as printed January 24, 2014.)

HEUER



HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1187 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 5, delete "the area" and insert "an area that is".

Page 2, line 6, after "municipality" insert "and that is".

Page 2, after line 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 5. IC 36-9-25-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2009, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) In connection with its duties, the board may fix fees for the treatment and disposal of sewage and other waste discharged into the sewerage system, collect the fees, and establish and enforce rules governing the furnishing of and payment for sewage treatment and disposal service. The fees must be just and equitable and shall be paid by any user of the sewage works and the owner of every lot, parcel of real property, or building that is connected with and uses the sewage works of the district by or through any part of the sewerage system. This section applies to owners of property that is partially or wholly exempt from taxation, as well as owners of property subject to full taxation.

- (b) The board may change fees from time to time. The fees, together with the taxes levied under this chapter, must at all times be sufficient to produce revenues sufficient to pay operation, maintenance, and administrative expenses, to pay the principal and interest on bonds as they become due and payable, and to provide money for the revolving fund authorized by this chapter.
- (c) Fees may not be established until a public hearing has been held at which all the users of the sewage works and owners of property served or to be served by the works, including interested parties, have had an opportunity to be heard concerning the proposed fees. After introduction of the resolution fixing fees, and before they are finally adopted, notice of the hearing setting forth the proposed schedule of fees shall be given by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. After the hearing the resolution establishing fees, either as originally introduced or as amended, shall be passed and put into effect. However, fees related to property that is subject to full taxation do not take effect until they have been approved by ordinance of the municipal legislative body or, in the case of a district described in section 3(b)(2) of this chapter, under section 11.3 of this chapter.
- (d) A copy of the schedule of the fees shall be kept on file in the office of the board and must be open to inspection by all interested parties. Subject to section 11.6 of this chapter, the fees established



for any class of users or property served shall be extended to cover any additional premises thereafter served that fall within the same class, without the necessity of hearing or notice.

- (e) A change of fees may be made in the same manner as fees were originally established. However, **subject to section 11.6 of this chapter**, if a change is made substantially pro rata for all classes of service, hearing or notice is not required, but approval of the change by ordinance of the municipal legislative body is required, and, in the case of a district described in section 3(b)(2) of this chapter, approval under section 11.3 of this chapter is required.
- (f) If a fee established is not paid within thirty (30) days after it is due, the amount, together with a penalty of ten percent (10%) and a reasonable attorney's fee, may be recovered by the board from the delinquent user or owner of the property served in a civil action in the name of the municipality.
- (g) Fees assessed against real property under this section also constitute a lien against the property assessed. The lien attaches at the time of the filing of the notice of lien in the county recorder's office. The lien is superior to all other liens except tax liens, and shall be enforced and foreclosed in the same manner as is provided for liens under IC 36-9-23-33 and IC 36-9-23-34.
- (h) A fee assessed against real property under this section constitutes a lien against the property assessed only when the fee is delinquent for no more than three (3) years from the day after the fee is due.
- (i) In addition to the penalties under subsections (f) and (g) and section 11.5 of this chapter, a delinquent user may not discharge water into the public sewers and may have the property disconnected from the public sewers.
- (j) The authority to establish a user fee under this section includes fees to recover the cost of construction of sewage works from industrial users as defined and required under federal statute or rule. Any industrial users' cost recovery fees may become a lien upon the real property and shall be collected in the manner provided by law. In addition, the imposition of the fees, the use of the amounts collected, and the criteria for the fees must be consistent with the regulations of the federal Environmental Protection Agency.
- (k) The authority to establish a user fee under this section includes fees to recover the costs associated with providing financial assistance under section 42 of this chapter. A fee that is:
 - (1) established under this subsection or any other law; and
 - (2) used to provide financial assistance under section 42 of this



chapter;

is considered just and equitable if the project for which the financial assistance is provided otherwise complies with the requirements of this chapter.

SECTION 6. IC 36-9-25-11.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 11.6. (a)** As used in this section, "multipurpose building" means a building that:

- (1) is connected with and uses the sewage works of a district; and
- (2) is used for more than one (1) purpose or has individual units or parts that are used for different purposes.
- (b) As used in this section, "purpose" means the primary use to which a lot, parcel of real property, or building is put and that is the basis for a particular schedule or class of fees established by a district under section 11 of this chapter. The term includes any of the following purposes to which a lot, parcel of real property, or building is put:
 - (1) Residential purposes.
 - (2) Industrial purposes.
 - (3) Commercial purposes.
 - (4) Agricultural purposes.
- (c) In establishing fees under section 11 of this chapter for the treatment and disposal of sewage and other waste discharged into the district's sewer system, a district must provide for:
 - (1) the apportionment or proration of fees assessed with respect to a multipurpose building in a manner that recognizes the different purposes to which the multipurpose building is put; or
 - (2) the application of different fee schedules or classifications of fees to the individual units or parts of a multipurpose building in a manner that recognizes the primary purpose of the individual units or parts.
 - (d) Any schedule of fees that:
 - (1) is adopted under this chapter before April 1, 2014; and
 - (2) does not comply with the requirements of this section with respect to multipurpose buildings;

shall, not later than September 30, 2014, be changed or amended



in the manner specified in section 11(e) of this chapter to comply with the requirements of this section.

SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1187 as printed January 24, 2014.)

SMITH V

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Environmental Affairs, to which was referred House Bill No. 1187, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-61.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.251-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 61.7. (a) As used in this section, "utility" refers to a wastewater utility that:

- (1) is owned or operated by a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13); and
- (2) is not under the jurisdiction of the commission for the approval of rates and charges.
- (b) As used in this section, "wholesale sewage service" means the collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a sanitary manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and industrial waste provided by a utility to another utility.
 - (c) A utility that:
 - (1) either provides or receives wholesale sewage service; and
 - (2) negotiates to renew or enter into a new contract for wholesale sewage service on expiration of a contract for the same wholesale sewage service;

may file a petition for review of rates and charges for wholesale sewage service with the commission or the circuit or superior court with jurisdiction in the county where the utility has its principal office.

- (d) If a utility files a petition under subsection (c), the following apply:
 - (1) The utility that provides the wholesale sewage service has the burden of proving that the rates and charges are just and reasonable.



- (2) A petition concerning the same rates and charges may not be filed with both the commission and a court.
- (3) If multiple petitions concerning the same rates and charges are filed, all petitions filed after the first petition filed must be:
 - (A) consolidated with the first petition filed; and
 - (B) heard in the forum in which the first petition was filed.
- (4) The petition is not subject to IC 36-9-23 or IC 36-9-25. **However, the petition may be subject to IC 8-1.5-6.**
- (5) If the petition is heard by a court, the court shall hear the petition de novo.
- (e) After notice and hearing, the commission may issue an order determining whether the rates and charges that are the subject of a petition filed with the commission under subsection (c) are just and reasonable. The order of the commission is a final order for purposes of IC 8-1-3.
 - (f) This section does not:
 - (1) authorize the commission to revise rates and charges of a utility for any other purpose other than as stated in this section; or
 - (2) otherwise return or subject a utility to the jurisdiction of the commission.
- (g) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this section.

SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-86.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 86.5. (a) As used in this section, "four (4) mile area" means the area within four (4) miles of a municipality's corporate boundaries.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the commission, after notice and hearing, may, by order, determine territorial disputes between all water utilities.
 - (c) This subsection applies only to a municipality:
 - (1) having a population of less than seven thousand five hundred (7,500); and
 - (2) that, as of January 1, 2007, has adopted an ordinance exercising the power to regulate the furnishing of water to the public granted by IC 36-9-2-14 within a four (4) mile area.

The commission may not determine a territorial dispute within a four (4) mile area unless the territorial dispute concerns a geographic area located in more than one (1) four (4) mile area.

SECTION 3. IC 8-1-13-18.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.42-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (i), a corporation organized under this chapter or a corporation organized



under IC 23-17 whose membership includes one (1) or more corporations organized under this chapter may withdraw from the jurisdiction of the commission. A corporation organized under this chapter that withdraws from the jurisdiction of the commission must comply with all provisions of this chapter that do not directly concern the commission and must continue to pay the public utility fee required under IC 8-1-6. A member of a corporation that has withdrawn from the commission's jurisdiction shall have reasonable access to the meetings and the minutes of the meetings of the corporation's board of directors, except for executive sessions that concern personnel matters and confidential or proprietary matters that may:

- (1) invade the privacy of a member or an employee of the corporation; or
- (2) impair the corporation's bargaining, legal, or competitive position;

if the matter is disclosed to the member.

- (b) A corporation that proposes to withdraw under this chapter from the jurisdiction of the commission must first obtain the approval of the members.
- (c) The board of a corporation that proposes to withdraw under this chapter from the jurisdiction of the commission must conduct a referendum of the members of the corporation to determine whether the members approve of the removal of the corporation from the jurisdiction of the commission.
- (d) A board must send written notice of the board's intent to conduct a referendum to the commission before the board may conduct the referendum.
- (e) A referendum may be conducted at an annual or special meeting of the members held under section 8 of this chapter if a quorum is present.
- (f) Written notice of a meeting at which a referendum is to be conducted must be sent to every member not less than thirty (30) days before the date of the meeting. The notice must contain the following information:
 - (1) The place, date, and hour of the meeting.
 - (2) The fact that a referendum will be conducted at the meeting to determine whether the members approve of the removal of the corporation from the jurisdiction of the commission.
 - (3) The fact that no proxies will be permitted to determine whether the members approve of the removal of the corporation from the jurisdiction of the commission.
 - (g) A board shall distribute secret ballots to the members present at



the meeting. The ballots must be in a form substantially equivalent to the following:

____YES. I want the corporation to withdraw from the jurisdiction of the commission.

____ NO. I want the corporation to remain under the jurisdiction of the commission.

Only those members present in person at the meeting may vote. Each member is entitled to one (1) vote on the question of the corporation's withdrawal from jurisdiction of the commission. If a majority of the members present vote in favor of withdrawing from the jurisdiction of the commission, the withdrawal is effective thirty (30) days after the date of the vote. If less than a majority of the members vote in favor of withdrawing the corporation from jurisdiction of the commission, the corporation is prohibited from conducting another referendum concerning withdrawal for eighteen (18) months following the date of the meeting at which the vote was taken. Parties aggrieved by the conduct of the referendum must file an action in the circuit or superior court with jurisdiction in the county where the corporation has the corporation's principal office to allege noncompliance with this section not more than thirty (30) days after the date of the vote.

- (h) If a corporation withdraws from jurisdiction of the commission, the corporation's secretary shall not more than five (5) days after the date of the vote send a verified certification of the vote to the commission affirming that all the requirements of this section were met and include all of the following:
 - (1) The total membership of the corporation.
 - (2) The total number of members voting in the referendum.
 - (3) The actual vote, for and against withdrawal.
- (i) If a corporation withdraws from the jurisdiction of the commission, the commission shall continue to exercise jurisdiction over the corporation only as to the following:
 - (1) Electric service area assignments under IC 8-1-2.3.
 - (2) Certificates of public convenience and necessity, certificates of territorial authority, and indeterminate permits under IC 8-1-2, IC 8-1-8.5, or IC 8-1-8.7.
 - (3) Water utility disputes under IC 8-1-2-86.5.
- (j) Whenever two (2) or more corporations organized under this chapter consolidate or merge under section 16 of this chapter, and one (1) but not all of the corporations has withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section, the consolidated or merged corporation is under the jurisdiction of the commission until the consolidated or merged corporation withdraws from jurisdiction of the



commission under this section, unless the agreement for consolidation or merger approved under section 16 of this chapter includes the withdrawal from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section.

- (k) A board of a corporation that has withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the commission under this section must conduct a referendum of the corporation's members to determine whether the corporation should return to the jurisdiction of the commission upon receipt of:
 - (1) a petition for a referendum signed by not less than fifteen percent (15%) of the corporation's members; or
 - (2) a resolution ordering a referendum adopted by a majority vote of the board of directors of the corporation.

Upon receipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution by the board, the board shall inform the commission of the petition or resolution and shall thereafter conduct a referendum at the next annual meeting of the corporation held under section 8 of this chapter, or if the next annual meeting is more than ninety (90) days after the date the petition was received or resolution for referendum was adopted by the board, then at a special meeting called by the board and held not more than ninety (90) days after receipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution. The process provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) shall be followed when conducting a referendum under this subsection, except the form of the ballots must be as follows:

____YES. I want the corporation to return to the jurisdiction of the commission.

____NO. I want the corporation to remain outside the jurisdiction of the commission.

If a corporation returns to the jurisdiction of the commission, the commission shall resume all the jurisdiction it would have if the corporation had not withdrawn, effective thirty (30) days following the date the referendum was conducted. If less than a majority of the members voting at the referendum vote in favor of returning to the jurisdiction of the commission, a referendum on the question presented at the referendum may not be conducted for eighteen (18) months following the date of the vote.

SECTION 4. IC 8-1-17.5-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-2013, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. Notwithstanding any other law, the commission may exercise jurisdiction over a surviving corporation or successor corporation formed under this chapter only to do the following:

(1) Ensure compliance with IC 8-1-2.8 concerning the provision



- of dual party relay services to deaf, hard of hearing, and speech impaired persons in Indiana.
- (2) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-19.5 concerning the administration of the 211 dialing code for communications service used to provide access to human services information and referrals.
- (3) Enforce rules adopted under IC 8-1-29 to ensure that a customer of a telecommunications provider is not:
 - (A) switched to another telecommunications provider unless the customer authorizes the switch; or
 - (B) billed for services by a telecommunications provider that without the customer's authorization added the services to the customer's service order.
- (4) Conduct proceedings under:
 - (A) the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.); and
 - (B) IC 20-20-16;
- concerning universal service and access to telecommunications service and equipment, including the designation of eligible telecommunications carriers under 47 U.S.C. 214.
- (5) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.6-1.5 or IC 8-1-2-5.
- (6) Issue or maintain certificates of territorial authority for communications service providers under IC 8-1-32.5.
- (7) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-34 to issue and maintain certificates of franchise authority to multichannel video programming distributors offering video service to Indiana customers.
- (8) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.6-13(c)(9) concerning the reporting of information by communications service providers.
- (9) Fulfill the commission's duties under any state or federal law concerning the administration of any universally applicable dialing code for any communications service.
- (10) Perform the commission's duties under IC 8-1-2.3 with respect to assigned service areas for electricity suppliers.
- (11) Issue:
 - (A) certificates of public convenience and necessity, certificates of territorial authority, and indeterminate permits under IC 8-1-2:
 - (B) certificates of public convenience and necessity under IC 8-1-8.5; or



- (C) certificates of public convenience and necessity under IC 8-1-8.7.
- (12) Determine territorial disputes between water utilities under IC 8-1-2-86.5. **IC 8-1.5-6.**

SECTION 5. IC 8-1-32-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. This chapter does not reduce or supersede the commission's jurisdiction under IC 8-1-2-86 and IC 8-1-2-86.5. IC 8-1.5-6.

SECTION 3. IC 8-1.5-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

Chapter 6. Utility Service in Regulated Territories

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "municipal utility" refers to a municipally owned:
 - (1) water utility;
 - (2) wastewater utility; or
- (3) combined water and wastewater utility; regardless of whether the municipal utility is under the jurisdiction of the commission for the approval of rates and charges.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "regulated territory" means the area outside the corporate boundaries of a municipality described in:
 - (1) IC 36-9-2-18;
 - (2) IC 36-9-2-19; or
 - (3) IC 36-9-23-36.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "regulatory ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by a municipality that:
 - (1) asserts the exclusive authority of a municipal utility to provide service within a regulated territory; or
 - (2) prohibits another utility from providing utility service in the regulated territory.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "utility" means a utility that provides:
 - (1) water service;
 - (2) wastewater service; or
 - (3) combined water and wastewater service;

regardless of whether the utility is under the jurisdiction of the commission for the approval of rates and charges. The term includes a municipal utility.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "wholesale sewage petition" refers to a petition filed with the commission under IC 8-1-2-61.7 for review of rates and charges for wholesale sewage service.



- Sec. 6. Notwithstanding any other provision in this title or IC 36, the offering or provision of service by a utility in a regulated territory is under the jurisdiction of the commission.
 - Sec. 7. (a) This section applies if:
 - (1) a municipality adopts a regulatory ordinance after December 31, 2012; and
 - (2) a utility owned by the municipality files a wholesale sewage petition.
- (b) A municipality may not enforce a regulatory ordinance until all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (1) There is a final judgment on the wholesale sewage petition that concludes all administrative and judicial proceedings. For purposes of this subdivision, a final judgment includes an order of the commission under subsection (f).
 - (2) The commission has issued an order under subsection (f) that resolves all issues included in a petition filed under subsection (d) in a manner that the commission determines is in the public interest.
 - (3) The municipality has modified the regulatory ordinance to comply with the order of the commission described in subdivision (2), if necessary.
- (c) A utility may file with the commission a petition alleging that the final judgment of a court on the wholesale sewage petition does not resolve all issues included in the wholesale sewage petition that are related to:
 - (1) the service territory of the municipality; or
 - (2) rates and charges for wholesale sewage service.

The commission shall assume immediate and exclusive jurisdiction over the municipal utility upon the filing of the petition for purposes of resolving the remaining issues. After notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order within three hundred (300) days after the petition is filed resolving all issues presented in the petition in the manner that the commission determines is in the public interest. In making a determination of the public interest, the commission shall consider the factors set forth in the subsection (g). The commission may combine a hearing under this subsection with a hearing under subsection (f) and issue a single order on the combined hearing.

- (d) Not later than October 1, 2014, a municipal utility shall petition the commission for approval of the regulatory ordinance. The petition must include the following:
 - (1) A description of the service territory established in the



regulatory ordinance.

- (2) Proposed rates and charges for the services to be provided in the service territory.
- (3) A list of any administrative or judicial proceedings involving the regulatory ordinance or the wholesale sewage petition.
- (4) A list of any utilities actually or potentially affected by the regulatory ordinance.
- (e) Upon the filing of a petition described in subsection (d), the commission shall do the following:
 - (1) Encourage all utilities listed under subsection (d)(4) to reach a mutual agreement that apportions the provision of service in the regulated territory among the utilities. A mutual agreement described in this subdivision is the preferred method of establishing service territories in a regulated territory. To take effect, a mutual agreement must be approved by the commission in an order issued under subsection (f), and the commission may approve a mutual agreement only if the commission determines that the mutual agreement is in the public interest.
 - (2) If the utilities are unable to reach a mutual agreement under subdivision (1), the commission shall assume immediate and exclusive jurisdiction over the municipal utility, including the wholesale sewage petition if there is no final judgment from a court on the wholesale sewage petition.
- (f) Upon assuming jurisdiction under subsection (e)(2) and after notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order resolving:
 - (1) all issues presented in the petition described in subsection
 - (d), including the enforceability of the regulatory ordinance; and
 - (2) any applicable issues presented in the wholesale sewage petition;

in the manner that the commission determines is in the public interest. The commission shall issue the order within three hundred (300) days after the petition described in subsection (d) is filed.

- (g) In making a determination under subsection (f), the commission shall consider the following:
 - (1) The ability of another utility to provide service in the regulated territory.
 - (2) The effect of a commission order on customer rates and charges for service provided in the regulated territory.
 - (3) The effect of the commission's order on present and future



- economic development in the regulated territory.
- (4) The history of utility service in the regulated territory, including any contracts for utility service entered into by the municipality that adopted the regulatory ordinance and any other municipalities, municipal utilities, or utilities.
- (5) Any other factors the commission considers necessary. Sec. 8. (a) This section applies if:
 - (1) a municipality adopts a regulatory ordinance after December 31, 2012; and
 - (2) a utility owned by the municipality does not, or is not eligible to, file a wholesale sewage petition.
- (b) A municipality may not enforce a regulatory ordinance until the commission issues an order under subsection (c). The municipality shall petition the commission for approval of the regulatory ordinance. The petition must include the following:
 - (1) A description of the service territory established in the regulatory ordinance.
 - (2) Proposed rates and charges for the services to be provided in the service territory.
 - (3) A list of any administrative or judicial proceedings involving the regulatory ordinance.
 - (4) A list of any utilities actually or potentially affected by the regulatory ordinance.
- (c) After notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order resolving all issues presented in the petition described in subsection (b), including the enforceability of the regulatory ordinance in the manner that the commission determines is in the public interest. In making a determination of the public interest, the commission shall consider the factors set forth in section 7(g) of this chapter. The commission shall issue the order within three hundred (300) days after the petition described in subsection (b) is filed.
- (d) If the commission does not approve the petition, the municipality may modify and resubmit the petition in the manner prescribed by the commission. After notice and hearing, the commission shall review the petition as set forth in subsection (c). If the commission does not approve the resubmitted petition, the regulatory ordinance is void.
- (e) The municipality may petition the commission to rescind or modify an order issued under subsection (c) not earlier than five (5) years after the date on which the order was issued.
- Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to a dispute, other than a dispute described in section 7 or 8 of this chapter, arising or existing



between two (2) or more utilities as to which utility will provide utility service in a regulated territory. A dispute shall be resolved by the commission under this section.

- (b) A proceeding under this section may be initiated:
 - (1) by a utility that is a party to a dispute described in subsection (a); or
 - (2) by the commission on its own initiative.
- (c) Throughout a proceeding under this section, the commission shall, where feasible, promote the resolution of the dispute described in subsection (a) through a mutual agreement between the utilities that apportions the provision of utility service in the regulated territory. A mutual agreement described in this subsection is the preferred way of resolving a dispute described in subsection (a). However, to resolve the dispute, a mutual agreement must be approved by the commission in an order issued under subsection (e), and the commission may approve a mutual agreement only if the commission determines that the mutual agreement is in the public interest.
- (d) If the utilities are unable to reach a mutual agreement under subsection (c), the commission shall determine the manner in which utilities shall provide service in the regulated territory. In making the determination, the commission shall consider the criteria set forth in section 7(g) of this chapter.
- (e) After notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order:
 - (1) approving a mutual agreement under subsection (c); or
 - (2) making a final determination under subsection (d).

Sec. 10. This section applies to a municipality that:

- (1) after December 31, 2012, adopts a regulatory ordinance that establishes a service territory that is smaller than the regulated territory; and
- (2) either:
 - (A) amends the ordinance described in subdivision (1); or
 - (B) adopts a new ordinance;

to establish a service territory that is larger than the service territory described in subdivision (1).

Before an ordinance described in subdivision (2) may take effect, the municipality shall submit the ordinance to the commission for approval under section 9 of this chapter.

- Sec. 11. An order issued by the commission under this chapter is a final order for purposes of IC 8-1-3 and is enforceable in court.
 - Sec. 12. A petition filed under this chapter is not subject to the



following:

- (1) IC 8-1.5-3.
- (2) IC 36-9-23.
- (3) IC 36-9-25.".

Delete pages 2 through 3.

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 30.

Page 4, delete line 32.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1187 as reprinted January 30, 2014.)

CHARBONNEAU, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

